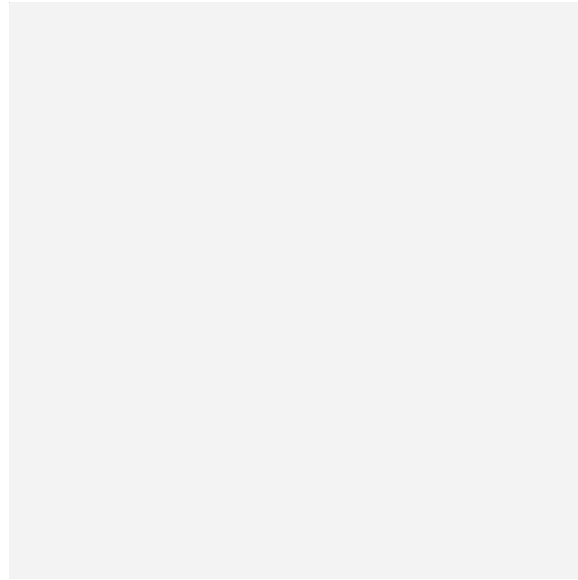


**Depredation Rates and Release Mortality of  
Red Snapper, Gray Triggerfish, and Greater Amberjack  
Released Using Fish Descending Devices**

Erik Lang and Zach Zuckerman



# **Effectiveness of Fish Descending Devices in Red Snapper, Gray Triggerfish, and Greater Amberjack**

Erik Lang and Zach Zuckerman

# Background

## DESCEND Act 2020

- Venting tool or descender device mandatory
  - Device choice is left to the angler
- Minimize post-release mortality

## What devices are effective, and what device is easiest for the angler?

- Factors that influence effectiveness
  - Species
  - Ease of use
  - Condition specific
    - Depth
    - Fight Time
    - Fish Length
    - Barotrauma Assessment



# Objectives

## Test biological effectiveness of FDDs

- Rate of immediate post-release depredation from FDDs
- Identify effectiveness of FDDs in recompression/releasing fish

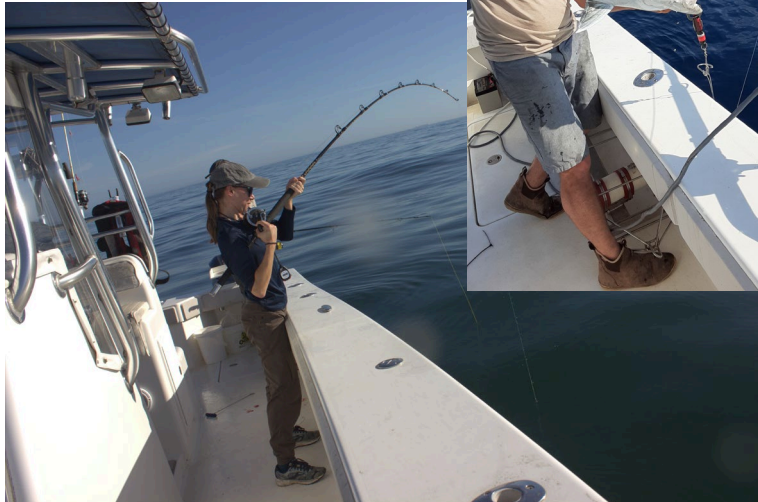
## Test logistical effectiveness of FDDs

- Angler preference for device type

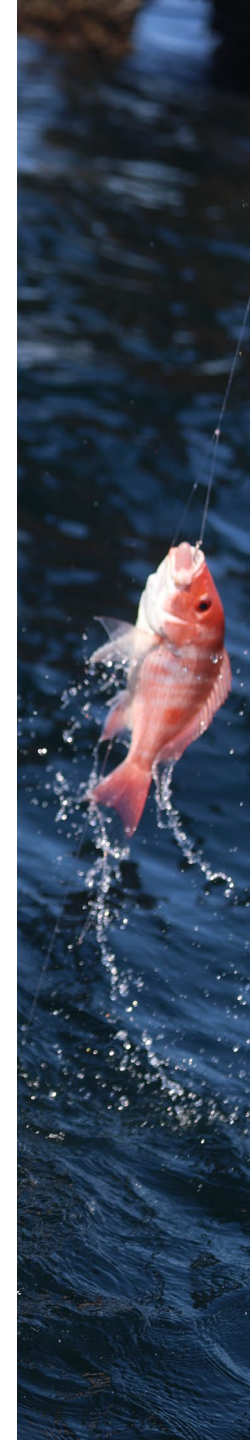


# Methods

## Capture



- Capture depth
- Fight time
- Length
- Barotrauma Assessment

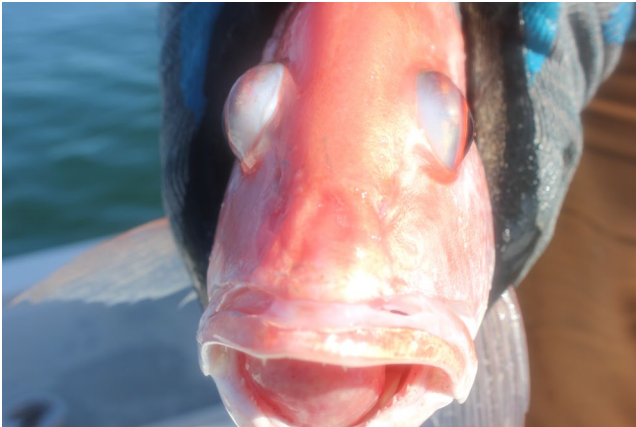


# Methods

1 = Good Response

0 = Bad Response

## Barotrauma assessment



### Barotrauma symptoms

- Stomach eversion
- Intestinal protrusion
- Expanded abdominal cavity
- Exophthalmia
- Subcutaneous hemorrhaging
- Species specific responses

### Stress reflex test

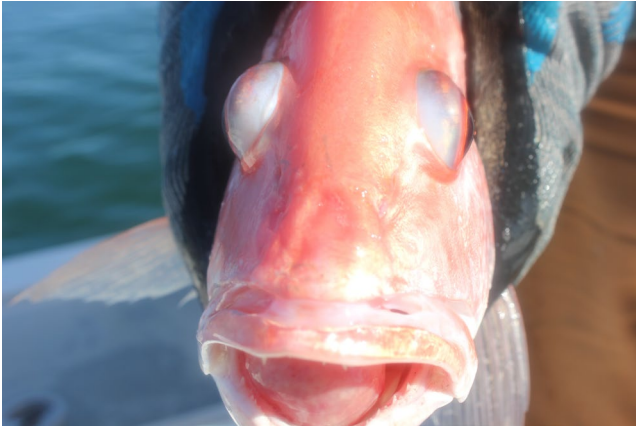
- Gag
- Dorsal spines
- Hypaxial muscle
- Opercular
- Vestibular-ocular
- Species specific responses





# Methods

## Barotrauma assessment



Barotrauma score =

$$1 - \left( \frac{\text{sum of responses}}{\text{total impairments possible}} \right)$$

## Barotrauma symptoms

- Stomach eversion
- Intestinal protrusion
- Expanded abdominal cavity
- Exophthalmia
- Subcutaneous hemorrhaging
- Species specific responses

## Stress reflex test

- Gag
- Dorsal spines
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- Vestibular-ocular
- Species specific responses



# Methods

## Release

SeaQualizer



SeaYaLater



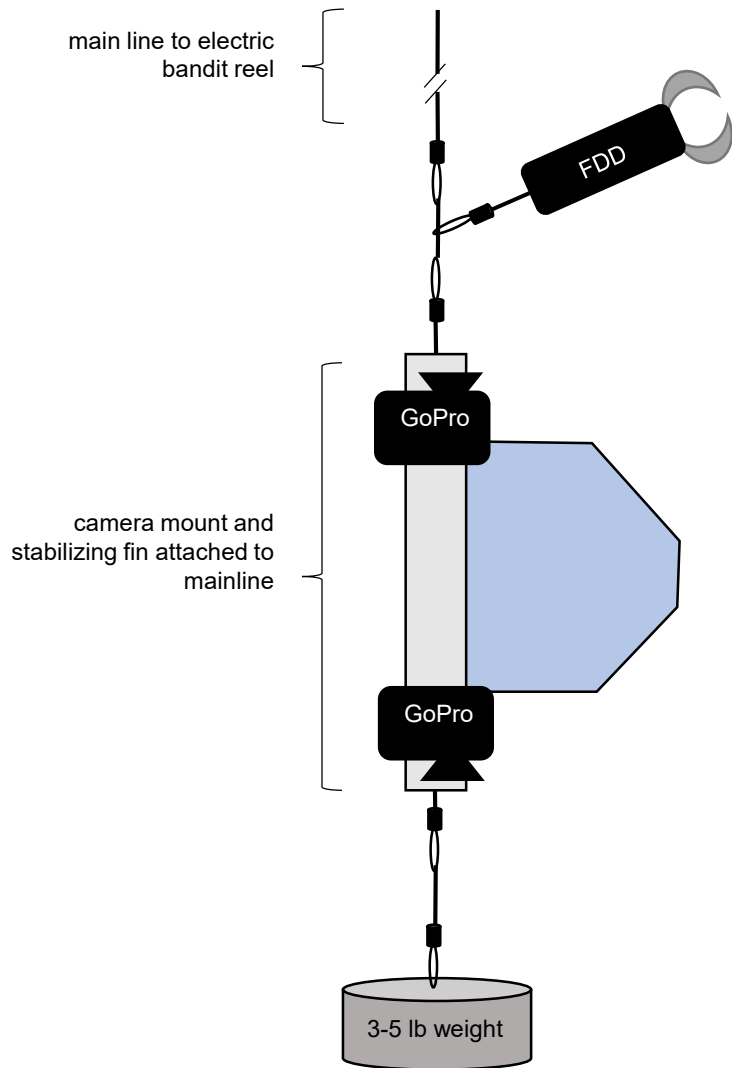
Elevator





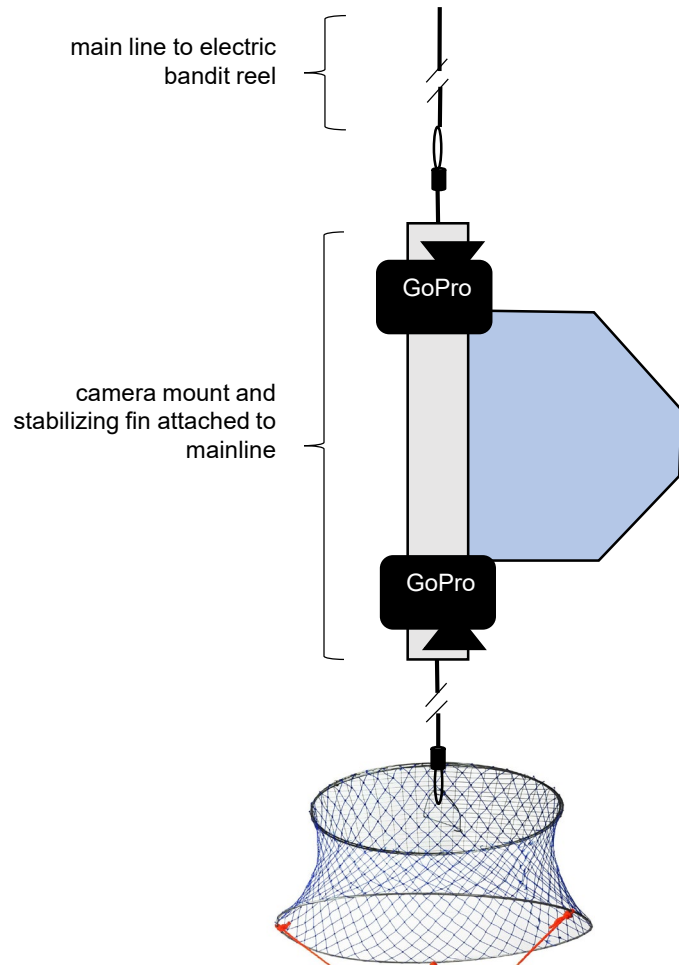
# Methods

## Recompression and release



# Methods

## Recompression and release



# Methods

## Post-release video analysis

### Video reads

- Predators
  - Presence/absence
  - Species and count
  - Interaction/depredation/predation
- Post-release behavior
  - 1 – strong swim
  - 2 – sluggish/impaired swim
  - 3 – loss equilibrium



# Methods

Post-release video analysis



# Methods

Logistical effectiveness

## Angler preference

- Supply volunteer anglers with FDDs
- Determine angler preference:
  - Cost
  - Ease of use
  - Would an angler keep device rigged for use or prefer another option





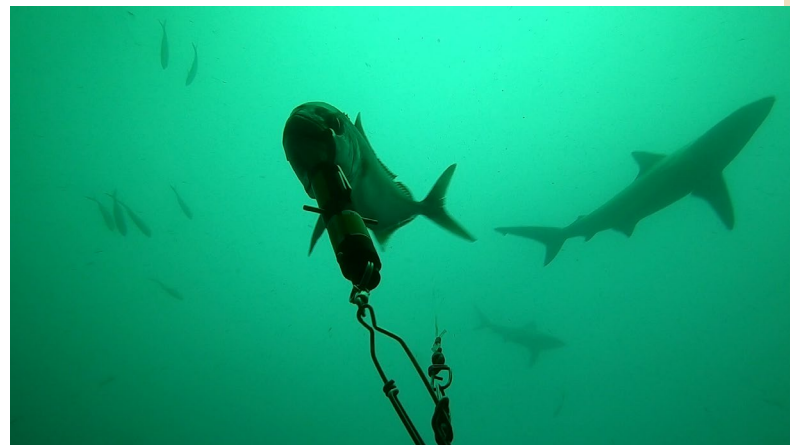
# Results

## Biological effectiveness

Species	# videos	Analysis n	Impairment	Likely Predation observed	Predator Interaction	Negative Result
Greater Amberjack	53	50	89.2% (33)	1	30% (15)	2.7% (1)
Gray Triggerfish	99	92	30.7% (23)	1	15.2% (14)	6.7% (5)
Red Snapper	267	172	70.2% (106)	11	19.8% (34)	13.5% (19)

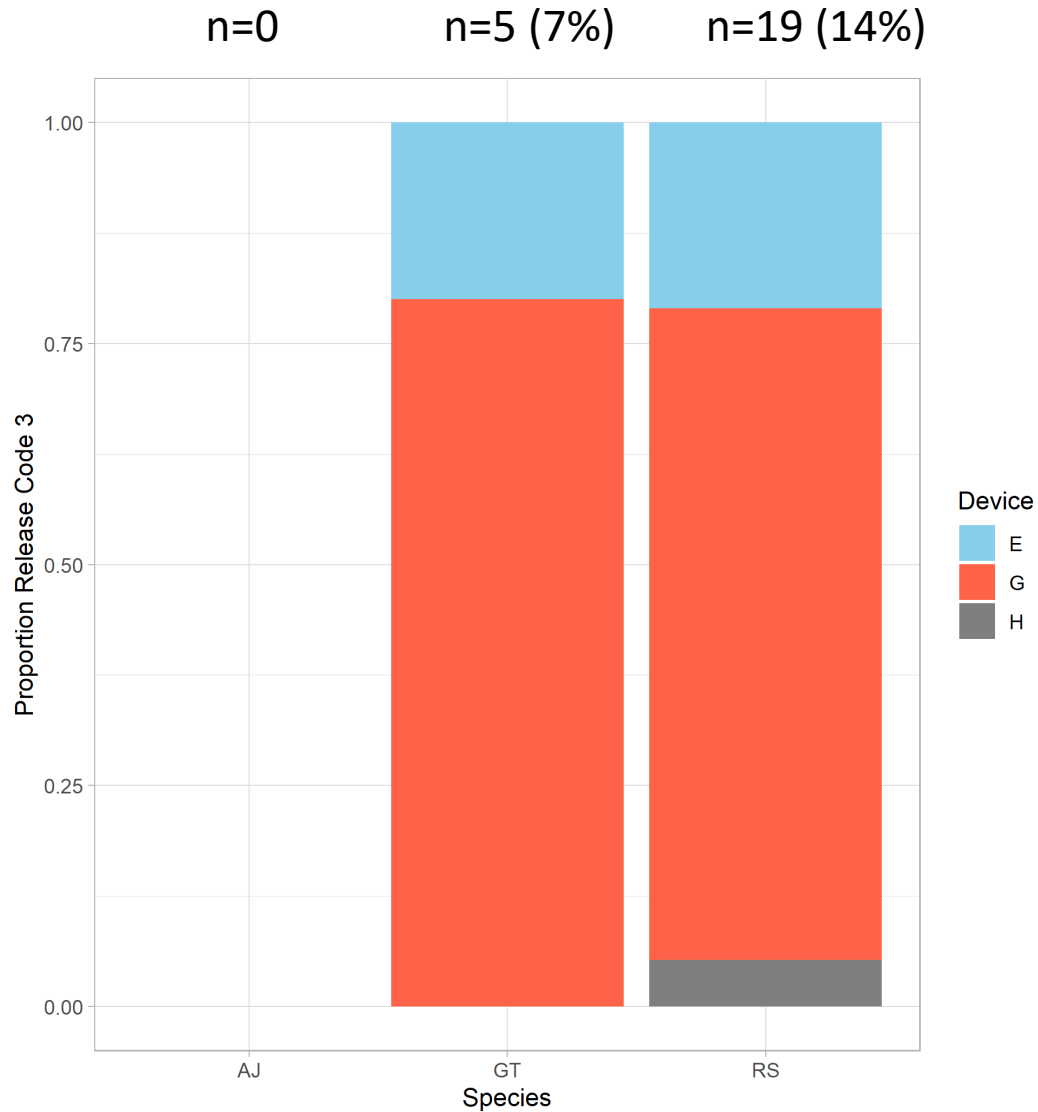
Species	Total # Amberjack	Total # Sharks	Total # Barracuda	Total # Cobia
Greater Amberjack	NA	52	6	0
Gray Triggerfish	32	9	10	0
Red Snapper	122	54	27	4

Predators present for 34% of releases



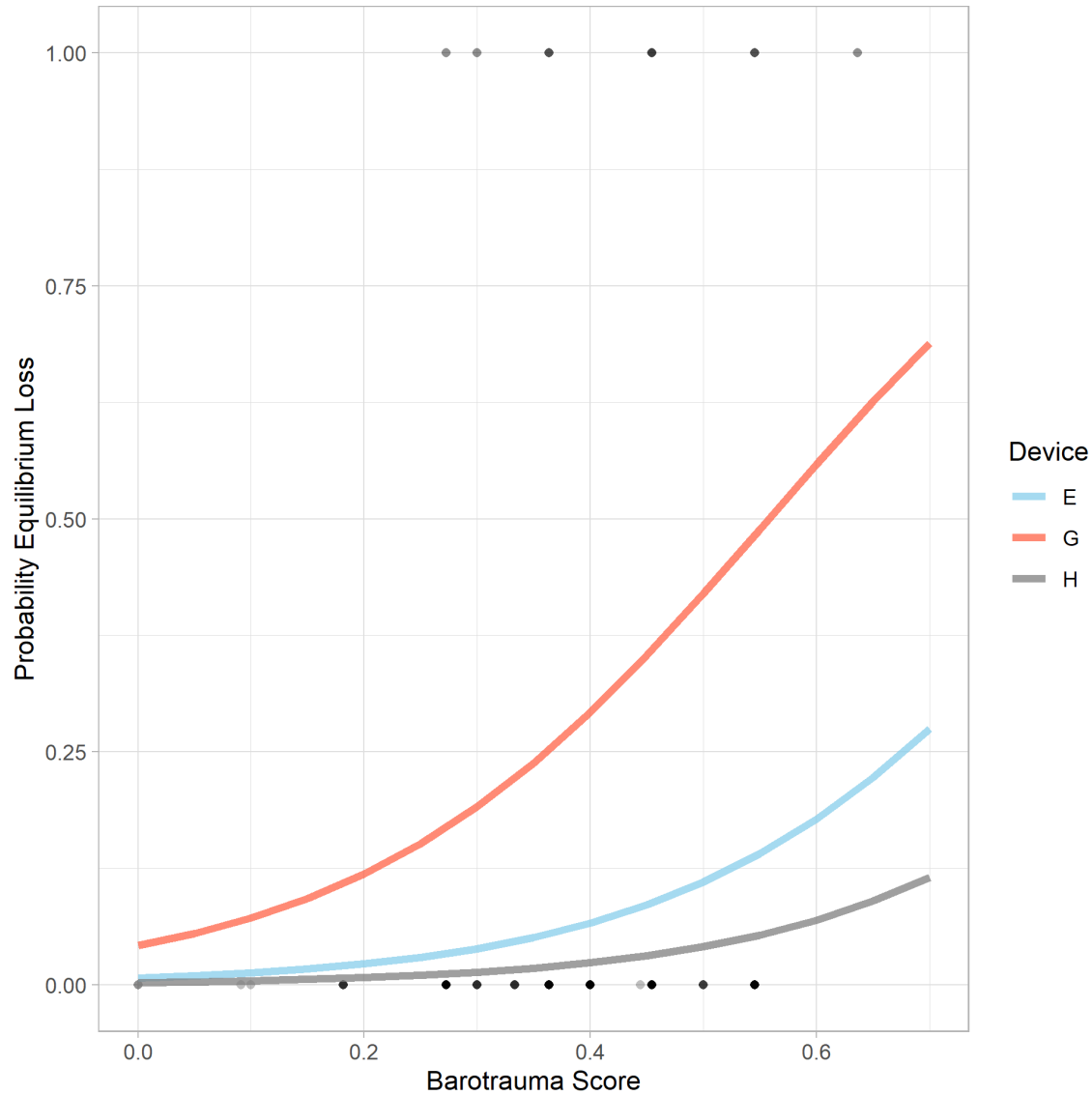
# Results

## Loss of Equilibrium (release code 3)



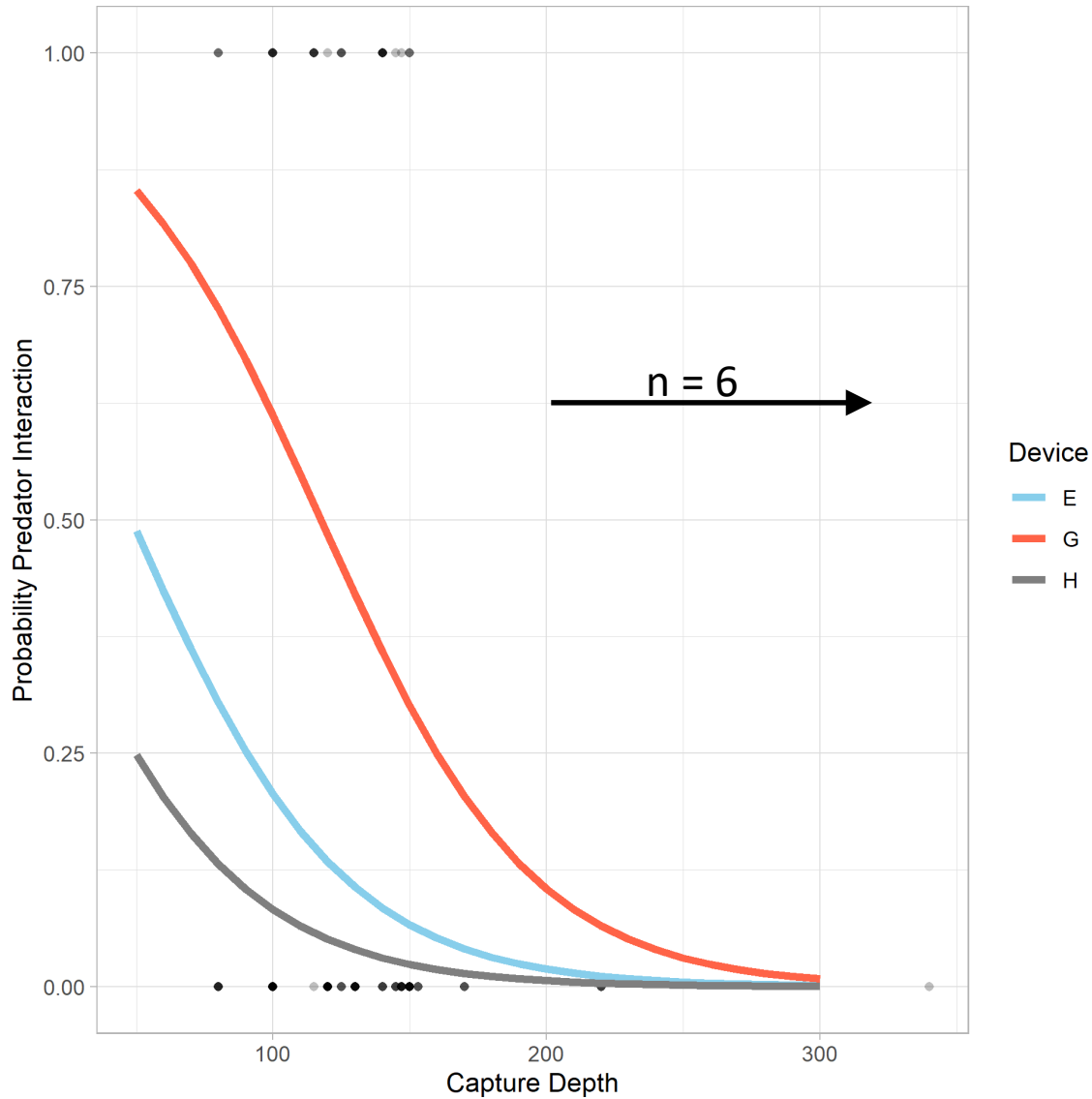
# Results

Loss of Equilibrium (release code 3) – Red Snapper (AUC = 0.802)



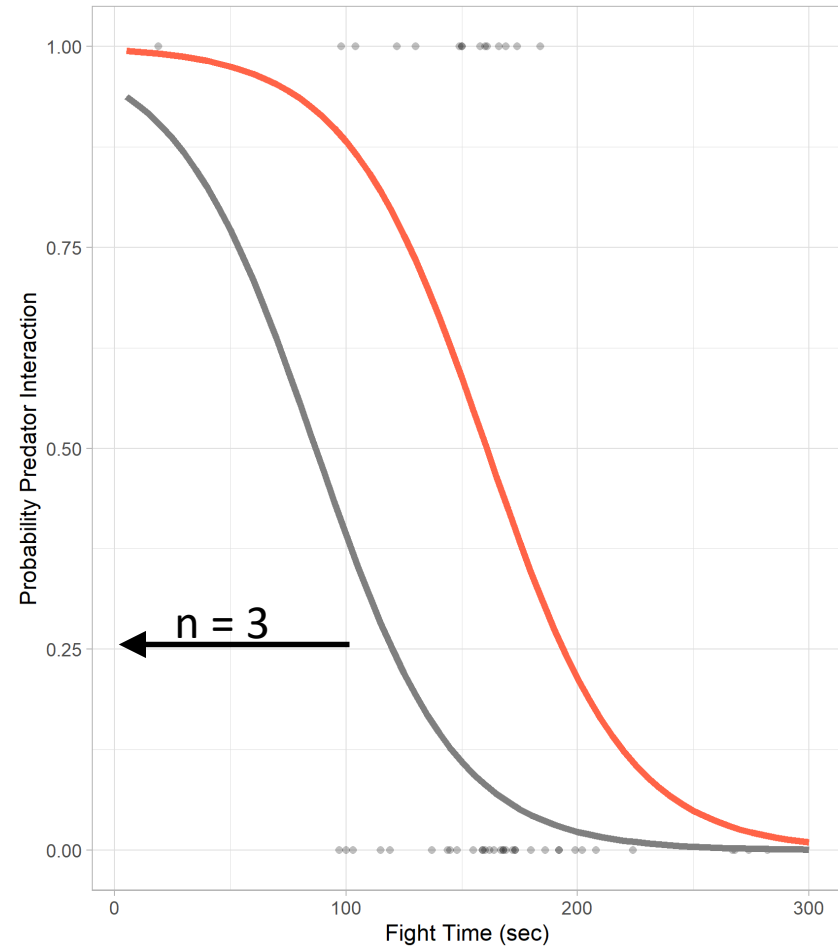
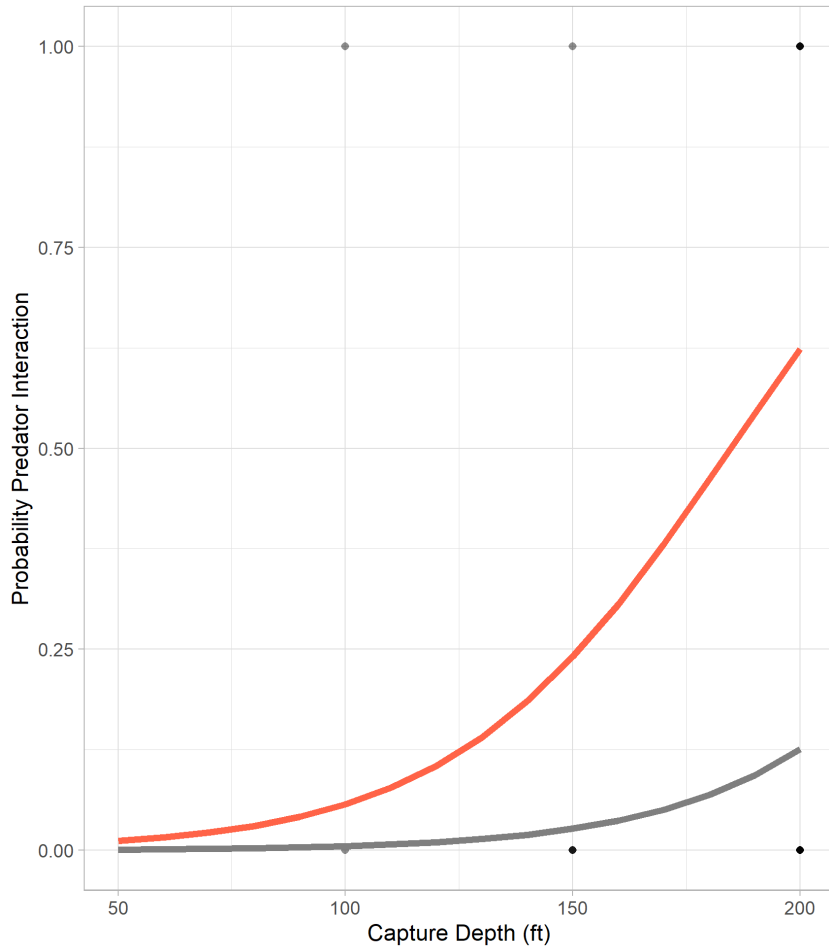
# Results

Predator Interaction – Red Snapper (AUC = 0.780)



# Results

Predator Interaction – Greater Amberjack (AUC = 0.816)



Device  
— G  
— H



# Results

## Logistical effectiveness

### Angler surveys

- Familiar with lip grip devices
- Lip grips preferred due to ease of use
- Elevators deemed unrealistic – space requirement. cumbersome

### Notes from research team:

- Preference matched that of anglers
- Elevator works well in theory, not in practice



# Results

## Logistical effectiveness

### Angler surveys

- Familiar with lip grip devices
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### Notes from research team:

- Preference matched that of anglers
- Elevator works well in theory, not in practice



# Summary and deviations

- Overall only 10% of releases ended in a negative result (depredation/predation/loss of equilibrium)
- Descending device with the most negative results?
  - Lip Grip (SeaQualizer™) resulted in most predator interaction and loss of equilibrium
    - May be due to predetermined release settings
      - Fishermen may have a problem with this as well
  - Fish Elevator
    - Consistently out performed by inverted hook
    - Cumbersome
- Most feasible on a boat and most biologically effective
  - Inverted Hook (SeaYaLater™) for everything but Gray Triggerfish
    - Gray Triggerfish only had an 8% negative result on the lip grip device





